

## Practise

Stage 5    Basic Facts No    8    Strategy: Multiplication Facts 2, 5 and 10

<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 30$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 6$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 15$
<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 60$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 12$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 30$
<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 80$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 16$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 40$
<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 40$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 8$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 20$
<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 100$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 20$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 50$
<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 0$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 0$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 0$
<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 70$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 14$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 35$
<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 10$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 2$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 5$
<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 20$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 4$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 10$
<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 50$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 10$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 25$
<input type="text"/>	$\times 10 = 90$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 2 = 18$	<input type="text"/>	$\times 5 = 45$

### Strategies for solving these problems:

- Remember that  $\times$  means 'groups of' or 'sets of'. For example  $6 \times 10 =$  means 6 groups of 10.
- Solve these problems by skip-counting. For example  $4 \times 5 =$ , can be skip-counting 5, 10, 15, 20.
- The 2 times table is the same as doubles.  $4 \times 2 =$  is the same as double 4.

### E-Learning practise:

Ipad app: Multiplication Wizz. Eggy Multiplication

[http](http://)