

## Practise

Stage 5

Basic Facts No 3

Strategy: Number Bonds to 20

|                     |                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| $13 + \square = 20$ | $20 + \square = 20$ | $6 + \square = 20$  |
| $15 + \square = 20$ | $1 + \square = 20$  | $12 + \square = 20$ |
| $2 + \square = 20$  | $18 + \square = 20$ | $7 + \square = 20$  |
| $19 + \square = 20$ | $9 + \square = 20$  | $17 + \square = 20$ |
| $5 + \square = 20$  | $11 + \square = 20$ | $8 + \square = 20$  |
| $3 + \square = 20$  | $4 + \square = 20$  | $14 + \square = 20$ |
| $10 + \square = 20$ | $16 + \square = 20$ | $0 + \square = 20$  |

Strategies for solving these problems:

- Use the addition facts you already know.
- Split the teen number and add the ones. For example  $15 + \underline{\quad} = 20$  can be solved by adding splitting the 15 into 10 and 5 and then adding  $5 + 5$  to make 10.
- Make the first number up to 10 and then add on another 10 to make 20. For example  $6 + \underline{\quad} = 20$  can be solved by knowing that  $6 + 4 = 10$  and another 10 equals 20, so the answer is 4.

E-Learning practise:

Ipad app: Addition Wizz

<http://www.amblesideprimary.com/ambleweb/mentalmaths/numberbond.html>